

'98.—C. A. Pelton is a member of the Connecticut Constitutional Convention, now in session.

'99, 1900.—Charles H. Studin, 99, Frank A. Lord, 1900, and N. A. Smythe, 1900, have been appointed Deputy Assistant District Attorneys on the staff of District Attorney Jerome of New York City.

'99.—A. J. Raney is a member of the firm of Raney & Dean, with offices in the Unity building, 79 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

'01.—Ferris Faulkner has opened a law office at 128 Broadway, New York City.

'01.—Herbert W. Fisher has taken a desk in the law office of Reed, Limpson, Thacher & Barnum, 25 Broad street, New York. His private address is 414 W. 118 street, New York City.

'01.—The engagement of Miss Lila B. Van Etten of Milford, Pa., to Xenophon P. Huddy of Providence, R. I., has been announced. Mr. Huddy has commenced the practice of law with the firm of Huddy & Easton, at 86 Weybosset street, Providence, R. I.

'01.—John D. Rusher passed the Connecticut State Bar examinations at Hartford, Saturday, Jan. 5, 1902.

'02.—Abner P. Hayes is a member of the Connecticut Constitutional Convention.

## BOOK REVIEWS.

*Handbook of Equity Jurisprudence.* By James W. Eaton, Professor of Law in the Albany Law School. Hornbook Series. West Publishing Co., St. Paul, Minn. Pp. 734.

At first sight this book commends itself both to the lawyer and to the student, being one of the Hornbook Series, the merits of which are too well known to need particular mention in this place. This work does not aim at an exhaustive treatment of specific subjects of equity jurisdiction, but is rather intended to be such a systematic and complete presentation of Equity Jurisprudence as is adapted to the needs both of the student and the practitioner. The author treats of equity along the same lines as does Bispham, though many of the subjects dealt with are taken up in the inverse order. In this book the manifest intent is to set forth the rules of equity as they now exist, and not as they were anciently laid down; consequently, though the old ruling cases are generally cited and sometimes noted at length, much more time and attention is given to the recent decisions in this country. The new applications of equitable doctrines and new uses of equitable remedies are given prominence, while those equitable rules and doctrines, which have in modern times been rendered inoperative by the action of the law courts, legislative enactment, or the changes in forms of procedure, are only briefly alluded to. The foot notes are extremely good, giving numerous citations

from Pomeroy, Story and other writers on equity jurisprudence, and containing an immense number of carefully selected cases. The author is also to be commended for his clear style and concise manner of expression, thus rendering the subject of equity more attractive than is usually the case. In addition to the text, a table of contents and a very complete index, there is a list of all the cases cited, which though unusual in books of a similar character is a very serviceable and pleasing feature.

C. W. B.

*Hughes on Admiralty.* By Robert M. Hughes, M.A. West Publishing Co., St. Paul. 1901. 1 volume, 503 pages.

This volume is a welcome addition to the surprisingly few works on the law of admiralty. The foundation of the treatise is a series of lectures, delivered by the author in Washington and Lee University. It is for the most part elementary in character and is thus particularly adapted for use as a text-book on this subject. Carefully selected cases supplement the work and are most valuable as illustrating the various principles brought out in the text. A feature which will appeal to the practitioner is the appendix. This contains all the statutes and acts of importance relating to marine law, together with the rules of practice in admiralty, suits in *Forma Pauperis*, etc. Mr. Hughes' style is highly entertaining and combines conciseness and clearness to a commendable degree.

E. T. C.

*Studies in History and Jurisprudence.* By James Bryce, D.C.L. Oxford University Press. American Branch, New York, 91 and 93 Fifth avenue. London: Henry Froude. 1901. 926 pages.

This work consists of sixteen essays on various topics, appended to which is the author's inaugural lecture delivered at Oxford, Feb. 25, 1871, on entering on the duties of the Regius Professorship of Civil Law, and his valedictory lecture delivered on resigning the same position June 10, 1893. These studies were composed at different times over a long series of years, and through many of them there runs a common thread, that of a comparison between the history and law of Rome and of England, from many different standpoints. None of them have previously appeared in print except two, viz: those relating to the United States and to the two Dutch Republics, and these have been enlarged and revised. Throughout the whole book are seen evidences of that deep research and careful attention to detail so characteristic of all Professor Bryce's work, and it cannot fail to receive a warm reception at the hands of students of jurisprudence and Roman Law.

M. H. N.

## BOOK NOTICES.

We have received the following books for review:

A TREATISE ON INTERNATIONAL LAW. By *Hannis Taylor, S.S.D.* Callaghan & Co., Chicago.

THE UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION. *Horace S. Wilgris.* Callaghan & Co.

